

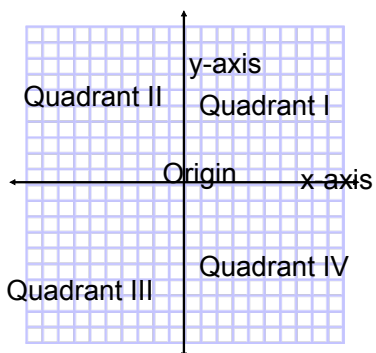
Journal Entry:

Explain what it means for two variables to be directly related. Then, give an example of a function that represents a direct variation.

## Section 2-3 Linear Functions and Slope-Intercept Form

Students will be able to  
-graph linear functions  
-write equations of lines

Drag the terms to the correct place.



Movement on a coordinate plane can be described using how far you go vertically and how far you go horizontally to get from point to point.

This is called the slope of a line.

$\frac{\text{vertical change}}{\text{horizontal change}} = \text{slope}$

$$m = \frac{y - y}{x - x}$$

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Another way to remember it?

Write one ordered pair on each of your two Post-It notes.

Pass one to the left and one to the right.

Find the slope of the ordered pairs you ended up with.

(5, 4) and (8, 1)

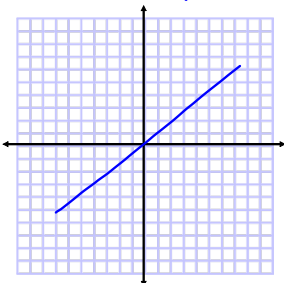
Will it matter which one we use first?

$$m = \frac{y - y}{x - x} = \frac{4 - 1}{5 - 8} = \frac{3}{-3}$$

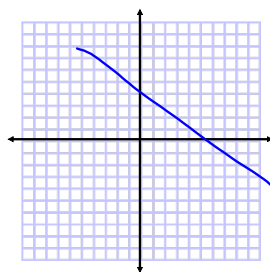
$$m = -1$$

Examples:

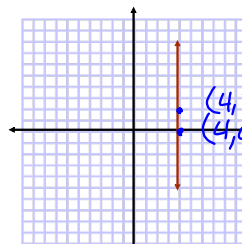
Positive Slope



Negative Slope

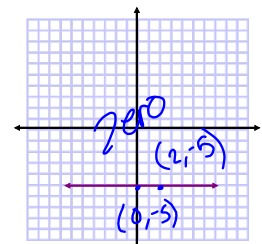


Find the slope:



$$\frac{2 - 0}{4 - 4} = \frac{2}{0}$$

(undefined)



$$\frac{-5 - (+5)}{2 - 0} = \frac{-10}{2} = -5$$

A function whose graph is a line is a **linear function**.

Linear equation example:

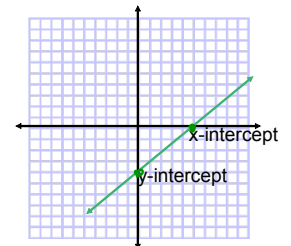
$$y = -2x + 6$$

A **solution** to a linear equation is any ordered pair that makes the equation true.

Slope-Intercept Form:

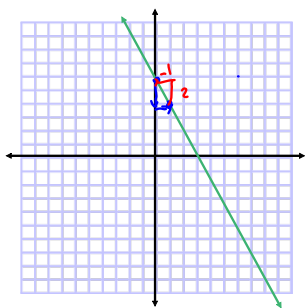
$$y = mx + b$$

m-slope  
b-y-intercept



Drag the terms:

What is the equation of the line in slope-intercept form?



$$y = mx + b$$

$$m = \frac{-2}{1} = -2$$

$$y = -2x + 6$$

Write the equation in slope-intercept form.  
What are the slope and the y-intercept?

$$3x + 2y = 18 \quad y = mx + b$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-3x + 18}{2}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 9$$

Hwk:

pg. 78 - 80

#12, 15, 26, 27, 34, 36, 43,  
44, 46 - 62 evens