Section 7-5
Rational Exponents and
Radicals

Students will be able to rewrite expressions involving radicals and rational exponents.

Terms of a Radical Expression:



In this lesson we are going to look at the relationship between radical expressions and expressions using rational exponents.

$$\sqrt{25} = 5$$

$$\sqrt[3]{27} = 3$$

 $\sqrt[4]{25}$ can also be written as $25^{\frac{1}{2}}$ and both of them are equal to 5.

We can also write expressions that have rational exponents in radical form.

 $8^{\frac{2}{3}}$ can be written in two different ways

$$(8^2)^{1/3} = \sqrt[3]{8^2} = \sqrt[3]{64}$$
?
 $(8^{1/3})^2 = (\sqrt[3]{8})^2 = (2)^2 = 4$

What is $a^{\frac{5}{6}}$ in radical form?

Write the following in radical form.

$$5\sqrt{3} = 5\sqrt{x'} = 5\sqrt{x}$$

$$(54y)^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt[3]{(54)^{2}} - \sqrt[3]{2916}y^{2} =$$

$$3\sqrt{21.108y^2} = 3\sqrt{108y^2} = 3\sqrt{21.4.y^2} = 9\sqrt{4y^2}$$

Converting to Exponential Form

Write in exponential form:

$$\sqrt[5]{\mathbf{b}^3} \ (\mathbf{b}^3)^{1/3} = \mathbf{b}^{3/5}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{27d^5} = (27d^5)^{1/3} = 27^{1/3}d^{5/3}$$

$$3d^{5/3}$$

Rewrite in exponential form:

$$12\sqrt[4]{x^{4}} \quad |2(x^{4})^{1/3} = |2x^{4/3}|$$

$$\sqrt[4]{256a^{8}} \quad (256a^{8})^{1/4} = 256\sqrt[4]{a^{8/4}}$$

$$= 4a^{2}$$

Hwk: pg. 450 - 452 #12 - 32 (4th), 38 - 50 evens, 51,